SHIMOGA

8. Well supplied.

9. The land was being ploughed in many Taluks of the District and the ploughing operation of Sorab Taluk was coming to completion.

The sowing of paddy, save and groundnut was commenced in Honnali Taluk. Paddy was being sown in Shimoga, Shikaripur, Sorab, Hosanagar, and Tirthahalli Taluks. Both paddy and groundnut were being sown in Bhadravati Taluk.

The standing crop of newly planted sugarcane and the newly sown paddy is reported to be in good condition.

10. Prospect of the season was generally good. Further rains are required in Shikaripur and Bhadravati Taluks.

There was prevalence of small-pox in village of Channesettikoppa of Sagar Taluk. Preventive measures are reported to have been taken.

11. Cattle were healthy. Water and fodder were available.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, Bangalore, Dated 2nd June 1952.

K. SRINIVASAN, *Revenue Commissioner.*

1916

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES AND BOILERS IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 9TH MAY 1952.

[Under Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925, as adopted by the Adoptation of the Existing Indian Laws Order, 1947.]

Variety (Trade Description)	No. of bales pressed: During the week	During the corresponding week of last year	Since 1st September 1951.	During the corresponding period of last year	District included in the Block.
1	2	3	4	5	6
MYSORE STATE					
Cotton Lint:—					
1 Mysore American	146	...	2,416	...	The whole of the State.
2 Kumpta Ordinary	867	...	5,944	...	
3 Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	1,013	656	8,360	10,718	
Cotton Waste ...	...	...	...	1,066	

Bangalore, Dated 30th May 1952. } No. Fl. 157-62—52-53.

1884

For the week ending 25th April 1952.

MYSORE STATE.					
Cotton Lint:—					
1 Mysore American	230	...	2,009	...	The whole of the State
2 Kumpta Ordinary	525	...	4,828	...	
3 Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam.	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	815	1,184	6,837	9,463	
Cotton Waste ...	...	...	...	1,066	

Bangalore, Dated 30th May 1952. } No. Fl. 163-68—52-53

1884(a)

For the week ending 2nd May 1952.

MYSORE STATE					
Cotton Lint:—					
1 Mysore American	261	...	2,270	...	The whole of the State
2 Kumpta Ordinary	429	...	5,077	...	
3 Nadam ... Bourbon and Uppam	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	510	598	7,347	1,0062	
Cotton Waste ...	...	...	...	1,065	

Note.—(1) Total number of factories in operation during the week ... 6
(2) Total number of factories for which returns have been received ... ... 6.

Bangalore, Dated 30th May 1952. } No. Fl. 169-74—52-53.

A. V. RAGHAVACHAR, For *Chief Inspector of Factories and Boilers.*

1884(b)

MYSORE STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE STATE, WEEK ENDED THURSDAY, 5TH JUNE 1952.

A total of 6 attacks with 2 deaths from Plague was returned from 2 villages, in 2 taluks, in 1 district during the week against nil attack with nil death in the previous week. The Cities of Bangalore, Mysore and Kolar Gold Fields reported free from Plague. Comparative figures for the corresponding week in 1951 and 1950 were 33 attacks with 22 deaths and 11 attacks with 5 deaths, respectively.

A total of 59 attacks with 10 deaths from Small-pox were reported from the cities of Bangalore and Kolar Gold Fields and from the taluks of Bangalore South, Kadur, Krishnarajpet and Sorab.

Forty-seven attacks with 16 deaths from Cholera were reported from Shimoga Town and from the taluks of Anekal, Heggaddevankote, Kunigal and Shimoga.

The State remained free from Influenza and Relapsing Fever.

The total mortality for Bangalore Corporation amounted to 184 (36 in hospitals) for 6 days representing a calculated death-rate of 14·2 (11·4 excluding hospital deaths) per mille of population (annual basis) as against 19·7 (15·9 excluding hospital deaths) for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 2 under Small-pox, 5 under Other Fevers, 29 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 148 under All Other Causes. The reported mortality was very low.

The total mortality for Mysore City was 44 (13 in hospitals) for 6 days representing a calculated death-rate of 10·8 (7·6 excluding hospital deaths) per mille of population (annual basis) as against 25·0 (14·9 excluding hospital deaths) for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes the deaths were: Malaria 1, Other Fevers 6, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 5, and all Other Causes 32. The reported mortality was very low.

Reports were not received from Kolar Gold Fields.

T. CHANDRASEKHARAIYA, *Director.*

1986